RAMAKRISHNA MISSION VIDYAMANDIRA

(Residential Autonomous College under University of Calcutta)

B.A./B.SC. FIFTH SEMESTER EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 2013

THIRD YEAR

Date : 19/12/2013 INDUSTRIAL CHEMISTRY (Honours)

Time: 11 am – 1 pm Paper: V Full Marks: 50

[Use a separate answer book for each Unit]

Group - B

Unit - I

1.	Wı	rite notes on (any four):	4×5]
	a)	ESP	
	b)	QRA	
	c)	Hydrosphere	
	d)	Catalytic convertor	
	e)	BOD or COD	
	e)	Sustainable development	
		<u>Unit - II</u>	
2.	An	nswer <u>any five</u> of the following:	[5×1]
	a)	Write down the decreasing order of stability of the different conformations of cyclohexane among chair, boat and twist boat form.	,
	b)	The favoured conformation for the molecules 1,2-dichloroethane; 1,2-ethanediol and propanaldehyde will be respectively—	l
		i) gauche, anti, eclipsed ii) eclipsed, gauche, anti	
		iii) anti, gauche, eclipsed iv) anti, eclipsed, gauche	
	c)	Suggest the type of product of the reaction of trans-2-pentene with bromine—	
		i) meso ii) optically active iii) anti iv) racemic	
	d)	The Bayer angle strain in cycloheptane is nearly	
	e)	The compounds given below are—	
		<u>C</u> l	

- i) identical
- ii) enantiomers
- iii) regioisomers
- iv) diastereomers
- f) What are the reagent used in Bardhan-Sengupta synthesis of phenanthrene.
- g) Write down the prefered conformation for 1-tertiary butyl-4-methyl cyclohexane.

CH₃

h) What reagent will you prefer for synthesis of primary amine?

3. Answer **any five** of the following:

 $[5\times2]$

- a) For 1,2-dichloro-1, 2-diphenyl ethane, the meso-isomer has a dipole moment of $1 \cdot 27D$, whereas that of optically active form is $2 \cdot 77D$. Explain.
- b) What is the C₂-pathway for the flipping of cyclohexane. Draw the energy profile of it.
- c) Draw the preferred orientation of cyclohexane-1, 2-diol, 1-methyl-1-cyano cyclohexane, 2-aminoethanol, biphenyl.

d) Identify A-D:

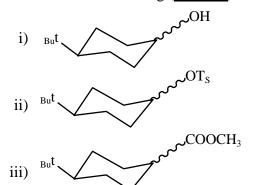
 $CH_3CH_2Br \xrightarrow{PPh_3} A \xrightarrow{B} CH_3CHPPh_3 \xrightarrow{PhCHO \text{ in toluene}} C \text{ (with proper stereochemistry)} \xrightarrow{m-CPBA} D$

- e) Discuss about angle strain with the basis of structure of cyclo propane.
- f) What are the products when nitrobenzene is reduced in acid, alkali and neutral medium? Also write the proper reagents.
- g) How can you convert the following:
 - i) Aniline to phenol
 - ii) p-anisidine to 4-bromoanisole
- h) What are the products formed during sulphonation of naphthalene at 40°C and 160°C. Draw the energy diagram of reactant and products in this reaction.

3. Answer **any five** of the following:

 $[5\times3]$

- a) What is the utility of Hinsberg method? Discuss.
- b) What is levelling effect? Draw and discuss the preferred conformation of 1-methyl-1-phenyl cyclohexane.
- c) Account for the following (any two):



Relative oxidation rate of chromic acid $k_{cis}/k_{trans} = 3.23$

Substitution reaction with thiophenolate $k_{\text{cis}}/k_{\text{trans}} = 31$

Rate of saponification $k_{trans}/k_{cis} = 20$

- d) For 2,3-dibromobutane, discuss the population of different conformers in meso and active form. Dipole moment of 1,2-dichloro ethane in solid state is 0D, however, in gaseous state it is 1·27 D. Explain.
- e) Write short note on Sandmayer reaction.
- f) Write down the steps for Haworth synthesis of anthracene.
- g) define dihedral angle and torsion angle. Give also examples.
- h) What will be the preferred conformation of the following compounds. Give reasons also. cyclohexane-1, 3-diol, 1-chloro-4-methyl chlohexane.

8の 衆の R